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A 2015 Medical Informatics Perspective on Health and Clinical Management: Will Cloud and Prioritization Solutions Be the Future of Health Data Management?

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Summary

Objectives: Summarize current excellent research and trends in the field of Health and Clinical management.

Methods: Synopsis of the articles selected for the IMIA Yearbook 2015

Results: Three papers from international peer-reviewed journals have been selected for the Health and Clinical Management section.

Conclusion: Telemedicine is still very active in Health and clinical management, but the new tendencies on which we focus this year were firstly the introduction of cloud for health data management, with some specific security problems, and secondly an emerging expectation of prioritization tools in health care Management.

Keywords
Health and Clinical Management; Patient care management; medical record systems; technologies in healthcare; telemmedicine

Introduction

Health and Clinical Management aims at improving quality, safety and efficiency of health care. The Health and Clinical Management section, through a careful review of research papers published in 2014, highlights research trends in this area and proposes a selection of “best” papers that illustrates these new challenges.

For this yearbook edition, 1381 papers issued from the Medline bibliographic database have been considered. Last year, the Health and Clinical Management section has underlined the importance of smart and efficient exploitation of data [1]. This trend is still very important in the 2014 literature review. As in previous editions, many research works report on telemedicine trials with this year a specific focus on dermatology, chronic disease, cardiology as well as diabetes. Furthermore, two new trends can be detected: cloud based solutions for health data and prioritization of care. A general movement of moving traditional computing to the cloud actually occurs; work in conjunction with this section also follows this tendency. Cloudification of health data nevertheless challenges new issues especially in terms of confidentiality and security. Another trend that emerges concerns new ways of automatically prioritizing and distributing tasks in collaborative activities according to the context in which they occur. Feedback from datamining onto traces in complex activities are some of new performed work

About the Paper Selection

A comprehensive review was performed on the Medline database. Clinical Health Management topic directly provides terms which are rather generic, and it is not that easy to find keywords that are precise enough to focus on this theme without having a lot of noisy papers. Consequently, the performed query was built as combining some different aspects of Health and Clinical Management such as electronic record, care management or telemedicine. The query is mainly performed on title and abstract in order to be precise enough. We decided to add the idea of smart home and ambient assisting living to the previous year query, in order to be aware of some new trends for health management. The search returned a total of 1300 papers, once papers without abstract or authors were excluded. The two co-editors of the section both reviewed half of these papers and both retained about 100 papers. The selections were merged and the two co-editors reviewed independently the 200 papers. Each paper was then marked as rejected, accepted and pending. The retained papers should address a medical informatics problem and not only a clinical one. Preference was given to papers highlighting new way of addressing a problem rather than to review papers. In case of description of a study that assesses the efficiency of new proposals (a lot of papers were relating experiences with telemedicine for diabetes, for cardiology, and other chronic diseases), we tried to retain the more mature systems
or at least the ones tested with large enough cohorts. Thirty papers were classified as kept by the two reviewers. A discussion between the two co-editors of the section led to a proposal of fifteen papers, a top ten selection was completed by five interesting papers which were selected as representative of the different issues emerging from the Health Clinical Management review. These 15 papers were peer-reviewed by editors and external reviewers (at least four reviewers per paper). Three papers were finally selected as best papers (Table 1). A content summary of these selected papers can be found in the appendix of this synopsis.

**Conclusion and Outlook**

During the review of papers from 2014 involved in Health and Clinical Management, we can notice firstly that even if a growing number of papers deals with telemedicine (lots of papers relate experiences with telemedicine applications, particularly in the chronic disease area), there is no major novelty which occurs this year in this specific domain in complement to last year review [1]. But, the integration of home centered technologies into Information Systems is still an issue as shown by Gietzelt [2]. Some propositions using new devices such as smartphones, connected devices or internet of things were also found but without noticeable improvements within the context of Health and Clinical management.

One of the main concerns developed this year is the prioritization in health. In a paper proposed by Salman[3] for example, remote triage in telehealth was proposed with prioritization processes with a particular focus on the fusion of data from multisources, another framework for prioritization was proposed by Ongenae et al.[4] providing a learning nurse call system that uses ontologies and data-mining techniques in order to regulate the nurse calls in hospital. On the topic of prioritization, we kept one of the best papers of the section entitled “developing and testing a computerized Decision Support System for Nurse-to-Patient assignment” proposed by C. Van Oostveen et al. [5]. This paper provides a complete discussion on the identification of relevant considerations in order to improve the nurse-to-patient assignment process. An interesting comparison between literature finding and focus group discussions allows building efficient strategies for a computerized decision support system.

Elaborating efficient framework for health and in particular introducing the use of the cloud illustrates a pretty mature topic area. A paper from Benharref et al.[6] for instance introduced the use of cloud for eHealth monitoring. The second best paper of our section [7] is concerned with the problem of privacy and auditability of healthcare data in a cloud context. The authors are Tong et al. and the paper is entitled “Cloud-Assisted Mobile-Access of Health Data with Privacy and Auditability”.

The third best paper which was selected reflects the ability to build a complete process for clinical management. This paper explains how to build contextual help for clinicians through a decision support framework using knowledge extracted from actual databases thanks to data mining process. The paper is entitled “From Adverse Drug Event Detection to Prevention. A Novel Clinical Decision Support Framework for Medication Safety” from Koutkias et al [8]. The system addresses the adverse drug event prevention, and an evaluation of the proposed system is performed.

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**Table 1**

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**References**